

## Bis[ $\mu$ -1,1'-methylenebis(1*H*-imidazole)- $\kappa^2$ N<sup>3</sup>:N<sup>3'</sup>][bis[dichloridocobalt(II)]]

Miao Feng,<sup>a</sup> Huai-Feng Mi<sup>a\*</sup> and Tong-Liang Hu<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Biochemical Section of the Key Laboratory of Functional Polymer Materials, The Ministry of Education of China, Chemical School of Nankai University, 300071 Tianjin, People's Republic of China, and <sup>b</sup>Department of Chemistry, Nankai University, Tianjin 300071, People's Republic of China  
Correspondence e-mail: changlianze@gmail.com

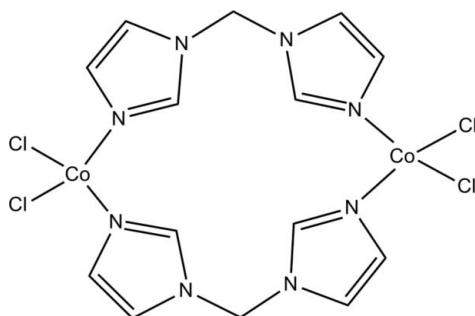
Received 21 March 2011; accepted 22 March 2011

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study;  $T = 293$  K; mean  $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.004$  Å;  $R$  factor = 0.040;  $wR$  factor = 0.075; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.7.

The title compound,  $[\text{Co}_2\text{Cl}_4(\text{C}_7\text{H}_8\text{N}_4)_2]$ , contains a dinuclear complex molecule in which each  $\text{Co}^{\text{II}}$  atom is tetrahedrally coordinated by two N atoms and two chloride ions. The 1,1'-methylenebis(1*H*-imidazole) ligands adopt a bis-monodentate bridging mode linking two  $\text{Co}^{\text{II}}$  atoms.

### Related literature

For background to the design and synthesis of new organic-inorganic hybrid materials, see: Wang *et al.* (2007*a,b*). For a related structure, see: Wang *et al.* (2007*b*).



### Experimental

#### Crystal data

$[\text{Co}_2\text{Cl}_4(\text{C}_7\text{H}_8\text{N}_4)_2]$   
 $M_r = 556.01$   
Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$   
 $a = 8.7137$  (17) Å  
 $b = 8.7948$  (18) Å  
 $c = 14.560$  (3) Å  
 $\beta = 98.75$  (3)°

$V = 1102.8$  (4) Å<sup>3</sup>  
 $Z = 2$   
Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation  
 $\mu = 2.01$  mm<sup>-1</sup>  
 $T = 293$  K  
 $0.3 \times 0.3 \times 0.3$  mm

#### Data collection

Rigaku SCX-mini diffractometer  
Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*ABSCOR*; Higashi, 1995)  
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.789$ ,  $T_{\text{max}} = 1.0$

11057 measured reflections  
2501 independent reflections  
2004 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$   
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.040$

#### Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$   
 $wR(F^2) = 0.075$   
 $S = 1.13$   
2501 reflections

127 parameters  
H-atom parameters constrained  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.30$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>  
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.33$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

Data collection: *PROCESS-AUTO* (Rigaku, 1998); cell refinement: *PROCESS-AUTO*; data reduction: *CrystalStructure* (Rigaku/MS, 2002); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *pubCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: JH2275).

### References

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Wang, D. Z., Liu, C. S., Li, J. R., Li, L., Zeng, Y. F. & Bu, X. H. (2007*a*). *CrystEngComm*, **9**, 289–297.  
Wang, D.-Z., Tong, X.-L. & Li, J.-R. (2007*b*). *Acta Cryst.* **E63**, m1294–m1296.  
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**supplementary materials**

*Acta Cryst.* (2011). E67, m491 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536811010610 ]

## Bis[ $\mu$ -1,1'-methylenebis(1*H*-imidazole)- $\kappa^2N^3:N^{3'}$ ]bis[dichloridocobalt(II)]

M. Feng, H.-F. Mi and T.-L. Hu

### Comment

Currently, increasing attention has been attracted to the design and synthesis of new organic-inorganic hybrid materials (Wang *et al.*, 2007*a*). One of interesting strategies is using organic ligand to linking the metal salt. In our work the bridged ligand 1,1'-methylene-di-1*H*-imidazole (*L*) was selected to assemble novel organic-inorganic hybrid materials. Unexpectedly, the title compound, (I), was obtained with a dinuclear structure (Wang *et al.*, 2007*b*). As shown in Fig. 1, the crystal structure of (I) the two CoCl<sub>2</sub> units linked by two *L* ligands. In the complex the Co<sup>II</sup> ion coordinated by two nitrogen atoms and two Cl<sup>-</sup> giving a tetrahedral geometry. The bond distances are normal range with of Co—N 2.020 (2) Å–2.029 (2) Å and Co—Cl 2.2478 (9) Å–2.2676 (9) Å. The *L* ligands all adopt a bis-monodentate bridging mode linking two Co<sup>II</sup> atoms. The Cl<sup>-</sup> anions coordinated to the Co<sup>II</sup> atom in monodentate mode. By that way a dinuclear complex was formed. The dinuclear complex packing one by one in the solid state (Fig. 2).

### Experimental

In a typical synthesis, a mixture of Co(Cl)<sub>2</sub>·6H<sub>2</sub>O (0.05 mmol), 1,1'-methylene-di-1*H*-imidazole (0.05 mmol) and H<sub>2</sub>O (10 ml), was added to a 20 ml Teflon-lined reactor under autogenous pressure at 120 °C for 3 days. The resulting solution was slowly cooled to room temperature to yield single-crystal of the title compound.

### Refinement

All H atoms were positioned geometrically (C—H = 0.97 Å and N—H = 0.90 Å) and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with  $U_{\text{iso}}(\text{H}) = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{parent atom})$ .

### Figures

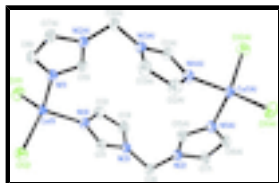


Fig. 1. A view of the title compound. Ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level. H atoms have been omitted for clarity. [Symmetry codes: (a)  $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$ ].

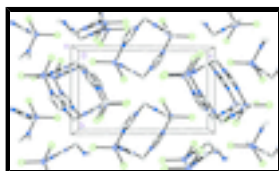


Fig. 2. Packing diagram of the title compound.

## Bis[ $\mu$ -1,1'-methylenebis(1*H*-imidazole)- $\kappa^2$ N<sup>3</sup>:N<sup>3</sup>']bis[dichloridocobalt(II)]

### Crystal data

[Co<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>4</sub>(C<sub>7</sub>H<sub>8</sub>N<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]

$M_r = 556.01$

Monoclinic,  $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: -P 2ybc

$a = 8.7137$  (17) Å

$b = 8.7948$  (18) Å

$c = 14.560$  (3) Å

$\beta = 98.75$  (3)°

$V = 1102.8$  (4) Å<sup>3</sup>

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 556$

$D_x = 1.674$  Mg m<sup>-3</sup>

Mo  $K\alpha$  radiation,  $\lambda = 0.71073$  Å

Cell parameters from 9628 reflections

$\theta = 3.3$ – $27.4$ °

$\mu = 2.01$  mm<sup>-1</sup>

$T = 293$  K

Block, red

$0.3 \times 0.3 \times 0.3$  mm

### Data collection

Rigaku SCX-mini  
diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

graphite

$\omega$  scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan  
(*ABSCOR*; Higashi, 1995)

$T_{\min} = 0.789$ ,  $T_{\max} = 1.0$

11057 measured reflections

2501 independent reflections

2004 reflections with  $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.040$

$\theta_{\max} = 27.4$ °,  $\theta_{\min} = 3.3$ °

$h = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$l = -18 \rightarrow 18$

### Refinement

Refinement on  $F^2$

Least-squares matrix: full

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$

$wR(F^2) = 0.075$

$S = 1.13$

2501 reflections

127 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map

Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites

H-atom parameters constrained

$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.024P)^2 + 0.5905P]$

where  $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$

$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.30$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.33$  e Å<sup>-3</sup>

### Special details

**Geometry.** All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations

between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

**Refinement.** Refinement of  $F^2$  against ALL reflections. The weighted  $R$ -factor  $wR$  and goodness of fit  $S$  are based on  $F^2$ , conventional  $R$ -factors  $R$  are based on  $F$ , with  $F$  set to zero for negative  $F^2$ . The threshold expression of  $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$  is used only for calculating  $R$ -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement.  $R$ -factors based on  $F^2$  are statistically about twice as large as those based on  $F$ , and  $R$ -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

*Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
Co1	0.71310 (4)	0.17519 (4)	0.29288 (2)	0.03334 (12)
Cl1	0.67525 (10)	0.16673 (10)	0.13677 (5)	0.0560 (2)
Cl2	0.86129 (8)	0.37006 (8)	0.35849 (5)	0.04539 (19)
N1	0.7895 (3)	-0.0223 (3)	0.35434 (15)	0.0392 (5)
N2	0.2068 (2)	0.2229 (2)	0.55419 (15)	0.0376 (5)
N3	0.3271 (2)	0.2738 (2)	0.41927 (15)	0.0345 (5)
N4	0.5028 (2)	0.2027 (2)	0.33439 (14)	0.0349 (5)
C1	0.4789 (3)	0.2715 (3)	0.41130 (18)	0.0355 (6)
H1	0.5570	0.3132	0.4546	0.043*
C2	0.3577 (3)	0.1591 (4)	0.2905 (2)	0.0465 (7)
H2	0.3378	0.1069	0.2344	0.056*
C3	0.2496 (3)	0.2042 (4)	0.3417 (2)	0.0502 (8)
H3	0.1429	0.1906	0.3272	0.060*
C4	0.2601 (3)	0.3409 (3)	0.4956 (2)	0.0432 (7)
H4A	0.1734	0.4054	0.4708	0.052*
H4B	0.3373	0.4037	0.5328	0.052*
C5	0.7094 (3)	-0.1052 (3)	0.4060 (2)	0.0441 (7)
H5	0.6075	-0.0847	0.4139	0.053*
C6	0.9327 (3)	-0.0932 (3)	0.3608 (2)	0.0459 (7)
H6	1.0142	-0.0610	0.3312	0.055*
C7	0.0639 (3)	0.2160 (3)	0.5834 (2)	0.0454 (7)
H7	-0.0186	0.2829	0.5678	0.054*

*Atomic displacement parameters ( $\text{\AA}^2$ )*

	$U^{11}$	$U^{22}$	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Co1	0.0356 (2)	0.0363 (2)	0.02950 (19)	0.00285 (16)	0.00930 (14)	0.00304 (16)
Cl1	0.0651 (5)	0.0732 (6)	0.0305 (4)	0.0026 (4)	0.0097 (3)	-0.0049 (4)
Cl2	0.0397 (4)	0.0467 (4)	0.0481 (4)	-0.0015 (3)	0.0016 (3)	-0.0035 (3)
N1	0.0421 (13)	0.0367 (13)	0.0423 (13)	0.0051 (11)	0.0175 (10)	0.0076 (11)
N2	0.0400 (13)	0.0338 (12)	0.0429 (14)	0.0061 (10)	0.0193 (11)	0.0092 (10)
N3	0.0344 (12)	0.0344 (12)	0.0364 (12)	0.0011 (10)	0.0114 (10)	0.0051 (10)
N4	0.0326 (12)	0.0410 (13)	0.0316 (12)	-0.0009 (10)	0.0065 (9)	-0.0017 (10)
C1	0.0325 (14)	0.0416 (15)	0.0328 (14)	-0.0034 (12)	0.0061 (11)	-0.0009 (12)
C2	0.0420 (16)	0.060 (2)	0.0367 (16)	-0.0092 (15)	0.0035 (13)	-0.0091 (14)
C3	0.0313 (15)	0.068 (2)	0.0510 (19)	-0.0085 (15)	0.0052 (14)	-0.0006 (16)
C4	0.0526 (17)	0.0362 (16)	0.0461 (17)	0.0055 (13)	0.0243 (14)	0.0076 (13)

## supplementary materials

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C5	0.0396 (15)	0.0417 (16)	0.0553 (18)	0.0098 (13)	0.0206 (14)	0.0113 (14)
C6	0.0401 (16)	0.0467 (17)	0.0552 (19)	0.0014 (14)	0.0213 (14)	0.0086 (15)
C7	0.0346 (15)	0.0460 (17)	0.0590 (19)	0.0066 (13)	0.0182 (14)	0.0092 (15)

### Geometric parameters ( $\text{\AA}$ , $^\circ$ )

Co1—N1	2.020 (2)	N4—C2	1.381 (3)
Co1—N4	2.029 (2)	C1—H1	0.9300
Co1—C11	2.2478 (9)	C2—C3	1.347 (4)
Co1—C12	2.2676 (9)	C2—H2	0.9300
N1—C5	1.320 (3)	C3—H3	0.9300
N1—C6	1.385 (3)	C4—H4A	0.9700
N2—C5 <sup>i</sup>	1.346 (3)	C4—H4B	0.9700
N2—C7	1.377 (3)	C5—N2 <sup>i</sup>	1.346 (3)
N2—C4	1.464 (3)	C5—H5	0.9300
N3—C1	1.346 (3)	C6—C7 <sup>i</sup>	1.349 (4)
N3—C3	1.369 (4)	C6—H6	0.9300
N3—C4	1.456 (3)	C7—C6 <sup>i</sup>	1.349 (4)
N4—C1	1.317 (3)	C7—H7	0.9300
N1—Co1—N4	102.85 (9)	C3—C2—N4	109.3 (3)
N1—Co1—C11	114.03 (7)	C3—C2—H2	125.4
N4—Co1—C11	107.75 (7)	N4—C2—H2	125.4
N1—Co1—C12	109.58 (7)	C2—C3—N3	106.9 (2)
N4—Co1—C12	105.46 (7)	C2—C3—H3	126.6
C11—Co1—C12	115.95 (4)	N3—C3—H3	126.6
C5—N1—C6	105.2 (2)	N3—C4—N2	111.0 (2)
C5—N1—Co1	124.02 (18)	N3—C4—H4A	109.4
C6—N1—Co1	130.55 (18)	N2—C4—H4A	109.4
C5 <sup>i</sup> —N2—C7	106.9 (2)	N3—C4—H4B	109.4
C5 <sup>i</sup> —N2—C4	126.6 (2)	N2—C4—H4B	109.4
C7—N2—C4	126.4 (2)	H4A—C4—H4B	108.0
C1—N3—C3	106.9 (2)	N1—C5—N2 <sup>i</sup>	111.7 (2)
C1—N3—C4	125.8 (2)	N1—C5—H5	124.1
C3—N3—C4	127.3 (2)	N2 <sup>i</sup> —C5—H5	124.1
C1—N4—C2	105.6 (2)	C7 <sup>i</sup> —C6—N1	109.8 (2)
C1—N4—Co1	125.08 (18)	C7 <sup>i</sup> —C6—H6	125.1
C2—N4—Co1	129.31 (18)	N1—C6—H6	125.1
N4—C1—N3	111.4 (2)	C6 <sup>i</sup> —C7—N2	106.4 (2)
N4—C1—H1	124.3	C6 <sup>i</sup> —C7—H7	126.8
N3—C1—H1	124.3	N2—C7—H7	126.8
N4—Co1—N1—C5	1.3 (3)	C1—N4—C2—C3	0.6 (3)
C11—Co1—N1—C5	-115.1 (2)	Co1—N4—C2—C3	-178.2 (2)
C12—Co1—N1—C5	113.1 (2)	N4—C2—C3—N3	-1.2 (4)
N4—Co1—N1—C6	-172.0 (2)	C1—N3—C3—C2	1.3 (3)
C11—Co1—N1—C6	71.6 (3)	C4—N3—C3—C2	-179.8 (3)
C12—Co1—N1—C6	-60.2 (3)	C1—N3—C4—N2	-108.0 (3)

N1—Co1—N4—C1	88.2 (2)	C3—N3—C4—N2	73.3 (4)
Cl1—Co1—N4—C1	-151.0 (2)	C5 <sup>i</sup> —N2—C4—N3	53.1 (4)
Cl2—Co1—N4—C1	-26.6 (2)	C7—N2—C4—N3	-130.9 (3)
N1—Co1—N4—C2	-93.2 (2)	C6—N1—C5—N2 <sup>i</sup>	0.8 (3)
Cl1—Co1—N4—C2	27.6 (3)	Co1—N1—C5—N2 <sup>i</sup>	-173.89 (18)
Cl2—Co1—N4—C2	152.0 (2)	C5—N1—C6—C7 <sup>i</sup>	-0.5 (3)
C2—N4—C1—N3	0.3 (3)	Co1—N1—C6—C7 <sup>i</sup>	173.8 (2)
Co1—N4—C1—N3	179.13 (17)	C5 <sup>i</sup> —N2—C7—C6 <sup>i</sup>	-0.5 (3)
C3—N3—C1—N4	-1.0 (3)	C4—N2—C7—C6 <sup>i</sup>	-177.2 (3)
C4—N3—C1—N4	-179.9 (2)		

Symmetry codes: (i)  $-x+1, -y, -z+1$ .

Fig. 1

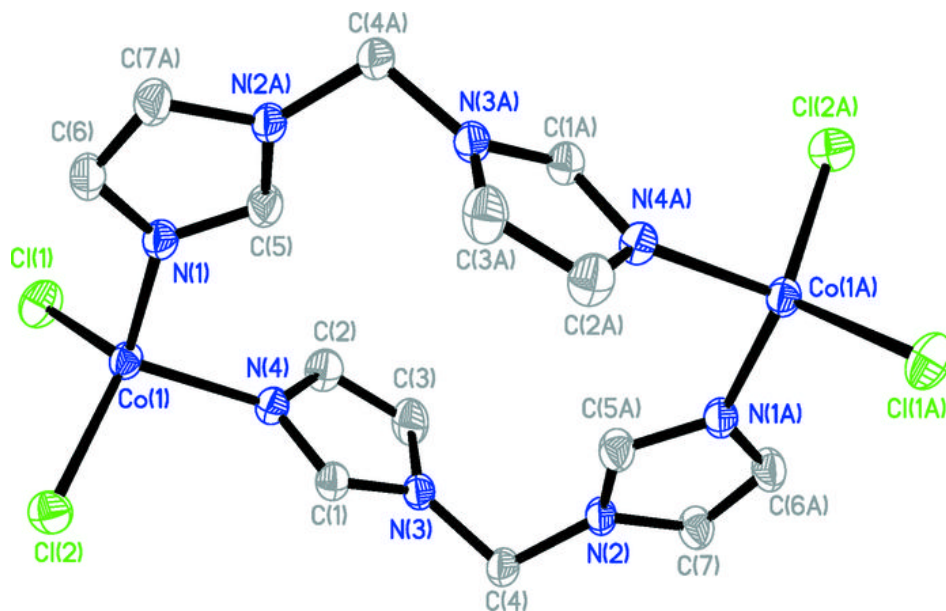




Fig. 2

